

PLACID VIDYA VIHAR SR. SEC. SCHOOL

CHETHIPUZHA

FORMATIVE ASSESSMENT 1 - 2016-17

STD: IV Time: 1 hr.

Max. Marks: 25

ENGLISH

SECTION – A (READING) (5)

I. Read the passage and answer the questions given below.

The elephant with its long trunk and sharp tusk is an interesting animal. It is the largest land animal in the world and is very intelligent and sensitive. Elephants are vegetarian and eat grass, wild fruit, leaves and bamboo. Elephants are found mainly in India and other parts of Africa.

Indian and African elephants are quite different. The African elephant is larger and has bigger ears and tusks. The two are often considered to be different species.

An African elephant has extra protruding muscles at the tip of its trunk. They help it to grab things and are known as the elephant's fingers. An Indian elephant has only one finger and it holds things by scooping them with its trunk.

I. Write true or false. (2 marks)

- a) Elephant is the largest land animal in the world.
- b) The Indian elephant has one finger on its trunk.
- c) Elephants are found mainly in Europe.
- d) Elephants are not interesting animals.

II. Fill in the blanks with the correct answers. (1 mark)

- e) Elephants follow a _____ diet.
 - i) simple
 - ii) wild
 - iii) vegetarian
- f) An African elephant has bigger _____ than an Indian elephant.
 - i) ears and tusks
 - ii) eyes and trunk
 - iii) fingers and legs

III. Answer the following.

- g) How do African elephants grab things? (2)

SECTION – B (WRITING) (5)

IV. Write a paragraph about an inter-school sports competition in your school. (5)

SECTION – C (GRAMMAR) (7)

V. Punctuate the following. (1½ marks)

- a) i cannot find my pencil
- b) priya went to the library
- c) please pass the salt and pepper

VI. Complete the sentences with suitable predicate for the given subject. (3 marks)

- d) My mother _____
- e) The boys in my class _____
- f) The flowers _____

VII. Complete the questions with these words.

(2½ marks)

(why, what, how, when, who)

- g) _____ is your best friend?
- h) _____ do you want to become?
- i) _____ is your health?
- j) _____ do you get up?
- k) _____ haven't you done your work?

SECTION – D (LITERATURE) (8)

VIII. Tick the correct answers.

(2 marks)

- l) Miss Nepram announced that there would be
 - a) painting competition next month
 - b) dance competition this month
 - c) intersection sports competition next month
- m) Rita and Krish won the three legged race because
 - a) Rita and Krish tied their left legs together.
 - b) Facing the same way they tied Rita's left leg and Krish's right leg together and practised a lot.
 - c) Rita and Krish tied their right legs together.

IX. Answer the following.

(3×2=6 marks)

- n) Explain the term 'three legged race'?
- o) Name the kinds of races mentioned by Miss Nepram.
- p) Write four sentences about the relay race.

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BASIC SCIENCE

Qns. 1-4. Fill in the blanks choosing correct answer from bracket. $\frac{1}{2}$ mark each.

$(\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 2)$

1. Nutrients that give us energy are called _____ .
(carbohydrates, proteins, vitamins, minerals)
2. Ghee, butter, oils and nuts are rich in _____ .
(carbohydrates, proteins, fat, vitamins)
3. _____ is used to make tops of kitchen counters.
(Graphite, Granite, Chalk, Slate)
4. _____ is also known as china clay.
(Clay, Stone, Granite, Porcelain)

Qns. 5-8. Write the odd one out. $\frac{1}{2}$ mark each.

$(\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 2)$

5. Carbohydrate, water, fat, proteins.
6. Ghee, butter, oil, rice.
7. Calcium, vegetable, potassium, iodine.
8. Diamond, ruby, garnet, emerald.

Qns. 9-13. Match the following. $\frac{1}{2}$ mark each.

$(\frac{1}{2} \times 5 = 2\frac{1}{2})$

- | | |
|----------------------|-------------------|
| 9. Taj Mahal | - preservation |
| 10. Lead in a pencil | - precious stones |
| 11. Diamond | - mineral |
| 12. Drying | - marble |
| 13. Calcium | - graphite |

Qns. 11-17. Write true or false. $\frac{1}{2}$ mark each.

$(\frac{1}{2} \times 5 = 2\frac{1}{2})$

14. Objects made of clay become hard when they are dried or burnt in fire.
15. Water has all the nutrients in the right amount.
16. Calcium and iron are examples of vitamins.
17. Clay is used to make pottery.
18. Carbohydrates protect our body from diseases.

Qns. 19-22. Name the following. 1 mark each.

$(1 \times 4 = 4)$

19. A diet that includes all nutrients in the right amount.
20. The place where stones are dugout from earth.
21. One precious metal.
22. A stone which is used to cut glass.

Qns. 23-25. Answer the following. 2 marks each.

$(2 \times 3 = 6)$

23. Why do we need food?
24. How do vitamins and minerals help our body?
25. How is glass made?

Qns. 26-28. Answer the questions. 3 marks each.

$(3 \times 2 = 6)$

26. Differentiate between precious and semi-precious stone.
Give two examples each.
27. Explain the importance of water for our body.

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SOCIAL SCIENCE

I. Fill in the blanks. (1/2 mark each)

[1/2×6=3]

- _____ is the southernmost tip of India.
- Outer Himalayas are also known as _____ .
- River Brahmaputra is called _____ in Tibet.
- The new state carved out of Andhra Pradesh is _____ .
- The fine silt deposited by the rivers is called _____ .
- _____ is the capital of Meghalaya.

II. Match the following. (1/2 mark each)

[1/2×5=2 1/2]

- | A | B |
|--------------|--|
| 7. Kahwa | - a. tribe in Meghalaya |
| 8. Dhazu | - b. a special tea in Jammu and Kashmir |
| 9. Bakhu | - c. a language spoken in Tripura |
| 10. Garo | - d. dress worn by women of Sikkim |
| 11. Kokborok | - e. scarf worn by women of Himachal Pradesh |

III. Write true or false. (1 mark each)

(1/2×5=2 1/2)

- Pongal is the main festival of Tamil Nadu. _____
- The Humayun's Tomb is in Delhi. _____
- The Bhakra Dam has been built across river Ganga. _____
- Mohiniyattam is the classical dance form of Andhra Pradesh. _____
- Basmati rice is grown in Sikkim. _____

IV. Define the following. (1 mark each)

(1×5=5)

- Radcliffe line
- Kangri
- Lagoon
- Silt
- Harvester

V. Short answers (2 marks each)

(2×3=6)

- Write the names of any four monuments that you would like to visit in Delhi.
- How can we tell the tribe a Naga belongs to?
- Which state has two capitals? Write the names of the capitals.

VI. Answer the following. (3 marks each)

(3×2=6)

- What is terrace farming? Why is it popular in the mountains?
- How do the rivers of the northern plains make the land fertile?

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MATHEMATICS

Questions 1-5 carry 1 mark each.

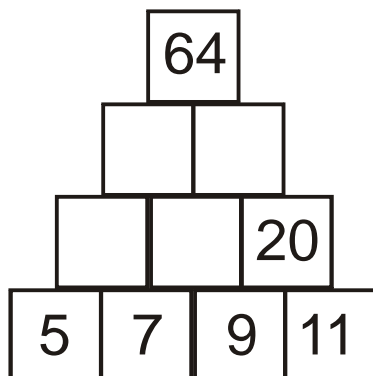
(1×5=5)

1. The predecessor of 50000 is _____ .
2. Write the numeral
Three lakh four thousand twenty _____ .
3. A rectangle has _____ line of symmetry.
4. Complete the pattern.
500, 450, 400, _____ , _____ .
5. Compare the following using $>$, $<$ or $=$.
 - a) 74532 74352
 - b) 90909 9090

Questions 6-12 carry 2 marks each.

(2×7=14)

6. Write the number names of the following.
 - a) 612009
 - b) 43057
7. Round off the following numbers to the nearest tens.
 - a) 32916
 - b) 3492
8. Write the Roman numerals for the following numbers.
 - a) 30
 - b) Successor of V
9. Arrange the numbers in descending order.
980541, 985041, 985014, 98054
10. Complete the following number tower.



11. Write the place value and face value of 9 in 389456
12. Write in expanded form.
 - a) 398045
 - b) 605070

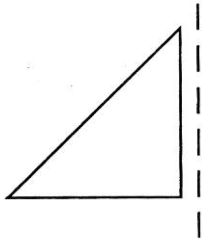
Questions 13 & 14 carry 3 marks each.

(3×2=6)

13. Write the .

- a) largest and smallest 5 - digit number using the digits 7, 0, 3, 5, 1
- b) Smallest 3 - digit number using 2 and 0 repeating 2 two times.

14. a) Draw the mirror image of



- b) Draw any 3 symmetric letters from the alphabet and also draw its line of symmetry.

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CHETHIPUZHA FORMATIVE ASSESSMENT 1 - 2016-7

STD: IV

Time: 1 hr.

Max. Marks: 25

MALAYALAM

I. ബ്രായ്ക്കറ്റിൽ നിന്നും ശരിയായ ഉത്തരം തിരഞ്ഞെടുത്തെഴുതുക.

($\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 2$)

1. 'ഉണ്ണിക്കണ്ണൻ' എന്ന പദ്യം രചിച്ചതാര്?
(ജി. ശങ്കരക്കുറുപ്പ്, ചെറുശ്ശേരി, കുമാരനാശാൻ)
2. 'സാധാരണ കാണാറില്ലാത്ത ഒരു മുഗത്തെ കണ്ടപ്പോൾ ആനയ്ക്ക് രസം തോന്നി. ഏതായിരുന്നു ആ മുഗം?
(ആട്, പുലി, പശു)
3. 'മുട്ടുംപിടിച്ചങ്ങു നിന്നു തുടങ്ങിനാൻ' - ആരാണു് നിന്നത്?
(അമ്മമാർ, ശ്രീകൃഷ്ണൻ, നീലക്കണ്ണാർ)
4. പുല്ലു മേയാനായി കുഞ്ഞാട് വന്നത് ഏതു കാട്ടിലായിരുന്നു?
(മുളങ്കാട്, ചുള്ളിക്കാട്, കണ്ണൻകാട്)

II. അർത്ഥം എഴുതുക.

($\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 2$)

- | | |
|------------|-----------|
| 5. സംഭാഷണം | 6. തേറൽ |
| 7. പന്തയം | 8. മെയ്യ് |

III. പര്യായപദം എഴുതുക.

($1 \times 3 = 3$)

- | | | |
|--------|--------|---------|
| 9. മകൻ | 10. ആന | 11. വനം |
|--------|--------|---------|

IV. വിപരീതപദം എഴുതുക.

($\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 1$)

- | | |
|--------------|-----------|
| 12. സസ്യഭുക് | 13. കുറിയ |
|--------------|-----------|

V. നാനാർത്ഥം എഴുതുക.

($1 \times 2 = 2$)

- | | |
|-----------|---------|
| 14. കോമളം | 15. മലർ |
|-----------|---------|

VI. അർത്ഥവ്യത്യാസം എഴുതുക.

($\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 1$)

16. പുഴി - ഉഴി

VII. എതിർലിംഗമെഴുതുക.

($\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 1$)

- | | |
|--------------|----------|
| 17. കൊമ്പനാന | 18. അമ്മ |
|--------------|----------|

VIII. ശരിയായ പദം എഴുതുക.

($\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 1$)

19. സംബരിച്ച, സംഭരിച്ച
20. ഗോകുലം, ഗോഗുലം

IX. പിരിച്ചെഴുതുക.

($\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 1$)

- | | |
|-----------------|----------------|
| 21. വിഡ്ഢികളാണ് | 22. നിന്നങ്ങനെ |
|-----------------|----------------|

X. ചേർത്തെഴുതുക.

($\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 1$)

23. ചിമ്മി + തുറക്കുക
24. വീണ് + ഏറ്റവും

XI. വിഗ്രഹിച്ചെഴുതുക.

($\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 1$)

- | | |
|-------------|-----------------|
| 25. നാലഞ്ച് | 26. നീലക്കണ്ണാർ |
|-------------|-----------------|

XII. വാക്യത്തിൽ പ്രയോഗിക്കുക.

($1 \times 1 = 1$)

27. സമീപം എത്തുക

XIII. ഉത്തരമെഴുതുക.

28. ആട് പറഞ്ഞ പന്തയം എന്തായിരുന്നു? (1½)
29. കണ്ണൻ എവിടെയൊക്കെയാണ് ഇഴഞ്ഞു സഞ്ചരിച്ചത്? (1½)
30. ആന വിഴാൻ ഇടയായതെങ്ങനെ? (2)

XIV. പാഠപുസ്തകത്തിലേതു പോലെ പൂരിപ്പിക്കുക. (3)

31. മെല്ലെമെല്ലെന്നങ്ങിഴഞ്ഞു
..... മങ്ങമ്മമാരും (6 വരി)

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HINDI

- I. हिन्दी में अर्थ लिखो (Write the meanings in Hindi) 2
1. कोमल 2. गत्ता
3. साहूकार 4. संदूकची
- II. अंग्रेज़ी में अर्थ लिखो (Write the meanings in English) 2
5. समृद्धि 6. मज़दूर
7. बरगद 8. छाल
- III. विलोम शब्द लिखो (Write the opposites) 2
9. कड़वा 10. मोटा
11. गाँव 12. नया
- IV. दिए गए संख्याओं को हिन्दी अक्षरों में लिखो
(Write number names in Hindi for the following numbers) 2
13. 20 14. 15
15. 12 16. 17
- V. दो-दो पर्यायवाची शब्द लिखो (Write the synonyms for each word) 2
17. पत्र 18. टहनी
- VI. उचित शब्द चुनकर वाक्य पूरा करो
(Choose the correct word and fill in the blanks) 2
- (कुरसी, संदूकची, दरवाज़े, झोंपड़ी)
19. दादी ने दमड़ी को ----- में रख दिया।
20. सोने की चमक से ----- जगमगा उठी।
21. साहूकार अपने तोंद फुलाए ----- पर बैठा था।
22. ----- पर फटेहाल एक भिखारी आया।
- VII. पद्य पूरा करो (Complete the poem - 4 lines) 4
23. मैं पीपल
..... बजाऊँ
- VIII. वाक्यों में प्रयोग करो (Make sentence) 2
24. ओर 25. सम्मान
- IX. प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखो (Answer the following questions)
26. श्रीनिवास और उसकी दादी गाँव में किसके पास गए? 1½
27. सबसे कोमल और चिकना पत्ता किसका है? 1½
28. साहूकार दादी की बात क्यों मान गया? 2
29. चिट्ठी किस पर लिखी जाएगी और क्यों? 2